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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Before The Honorable Richard Seeborg, Judge

ANIBAL RODRIGUEZ, et al., individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, here are plaintiffs, here a

San Francisco, California Friday, August 29, 2025

TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL PROCEEDINGS

APPEARANCES:

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the base class and then there's the CDAFA add-on.
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     I think it makes sense, if we're going to talk about it, it
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     would be somewhere in 13.
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              THE COURT: Yeah, I think it would be 13 rather than
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     the privacy and seclusion instructions.
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              MR. DAVID BOIES: I'm comfortable with that,
     Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right.
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                So going back to 11, are we done with the
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     discussion of 11?
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              MR. DAVID BOIES:
                                I am.
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              MR. PATCHEN: We are, yes.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay. So 12 is just the generic, "Here
     are the claims."
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          What's the next one, Mr. Patchen, that you have?
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              MR. PATCHEN: 13, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
                                 I'm there.
              MR. PATCHEN: So our -- we have at least two
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     objections. I know of two. The first one is, we think that
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     it's inappropriate to have "mobile devices or," that language,
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     in one and two; and the reason for that is that the claim that
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     the plaintiffs have brought here is a 502(c)(2) claim,
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knowingly access and, without permission, access data.

502(e) says that the owner or lessor of the data can bring the

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claim.

As drafted -- and it allows the standing question of 502(e), the ownership, to be answered with the mobile devices instead of asking whether the plaintiffs own the data, and it -- that disjunct between the two causes the problem of where the entire claim here is -- right? -- we own the data, it has a value, we should get the value of the data back -- that we had our data taken, the data was valuable, we should get paid actual damages for the data.

THE COURT: I'm recalling correctly at some point I thought it was -- Google wasn't disputing that it was the plaintiffs' data.

MR. PATCHEN: No. The dispute -- there's no dispute that they are the owners of the mobile devices. That's where there's no dispute.

THE COURT: But there is a dispute about whether or not they're the owners of the data?

MR. PATCHEN: Correct.

And if you can -- if you don't have to own the data to bring a claim for the recovery of the value of the data, that just writes 502(e) completely out. There's other claims, 502(c)(7), which is about knowingly accessing a device, which maybe ownership of the device is a relevant question, but it's not the relevant ownership question for a 502(c)(2) claim.

THE COURT: Is the only way to violate the statute if you own the data?

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of evidence, but I think they can make that. It's a fair
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     inference.
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              THE COURT: Right. Okay.
 3
          Okay. It's an interesting question, very interesting.
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     I'm going to have to think -- that's one of the ones I'm going
     to have to think about.
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              MR. PATCHEN: Obviously, Your Honor, if you accept our
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    position here, that's why we put in the proposed ownership
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     language, is because that's how we had been conceiving of the
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            It's not in, but that's why we had done that. So just
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     case.
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     companioning those two together.
              THE COURT: All right. What's the next?
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              MR. PATCHEN: Well, there's one other one in terms of
             I apologize, Your Honor.
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     CDAFA.
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              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
              MR. PATCHEN: Ms. Agnolucci has it.
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              MS. AGNOLUCCI: Your Honor, this relates to an
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     additional jury instruction that we had submitted, that
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     Your Honor didn't adopt, about without permission.
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              THE COURT: Yes.
              MS. AGNOLUCCI: This was in the packet that we
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     submitted yesterday. So rather than doing it as --
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              THE COURT: Is this the knowingly business?
              MS. AGNOLUCCI:
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                             Yes.
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              THE COURT: Right. I'm not -- I'm not going to add
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"knowingly" to the "without permission." Element 3 for -- I
 1
     forget which element. Yeah. I don't think it -- knowingly
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     goes into 2 and it's there, I don't think you have to --
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     I think -- I don't think it's knowing -- knowingly without
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     plaintiffs' permission. I don't think it applies.
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              MS. AGNOLUCCI: Your Honor, in that joint submission,
     the plaintiffs themselves agreed that we could, at a minimum,
 7
     say "should have known," as Your Honor did on page 15 of your
 8
    MSJ order.
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              THE COURT: One thing I'll give you some advice on.
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     Don't tell me that, "In a summary judgment order you did this
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     or you did that." That was then; this is now. It doesn't --
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              MS. AGNOLUCCI: Understood.
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              THE COURT: -- bind me, and I wouldn't waste time on
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     invoking it because it was important in the moment. We got
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     past summary judgment. I know you didn't think we should, but
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     we did, but I'm not bound by anything that was said in that
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     order, so...
              MS. AGNOLUCCI: Understood, Your Honor.
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     would --
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              THE COURT: But you said they agreed to it?
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              MS. AGNOLUCCI: Yes, Your Honor.
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                          That's a different proposition.
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              THE COURT:
              MS. AGNOLUCCI: It's Document 650, page 13.
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So the parties were debating this additional instruction.

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1:30 and this is just going to be very difficult for me, " and 1 all this sort of stuff. 2 So I said, "I really need you to be available through --3 past 1:30 on Tuesday, "because I don't want to chop your 4 5 closings into two days. But we'll just have to see. I'm going to encourage -- and 6 I also told her -- she had something about her employer. 7 said, "Have your employer call me," which sometimes works. 8 But, so just, we may have to go back to 8:30 to 1:30 for 9 deliberation. We'll see what happens. Okay? 10 11 MS. AGNOLUCCI: Understood. And, Your Honor, we did have two other things on the 12 13 verdict form, if we may. THE COURT: 14 Yes. MS. AGNOLUCCI: One is a point of clarification. 15 So Your Honor, at the beginning, came out with commentary 16 about what I think was then Question 7. So that we understand, 17 it's Your Honor's intent to direct the jury to consider nominal 18 damages only if they have said no to compensatory but not if 19 they have said no to disgorgement. 20

> THE COURT: Correct.

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MS. AGNOLUCCI: Understood.

And then for the next line item where we provide the estimated class sizes, we would like to do something similar to what we're proposing in the jury instructions, and it's in the

packet that I handed up to Your Honor.

We'd like to give the total estimated number of class members as well. And if Your Honor thinks that's confusing, we can add a sentence that says that there's overlap. But what we don't want to do is invite a double award of nominal damages because there is a delta of about 16 million, which, of course, is significant to us.

THE COURT: And I know you think it's confusing to have the --

MR. DAVID BOIES: I think putting both numbers in is confusing. I think that if they were to put in just the class size on nominal damages, we could allocate it -- assuming we win, obviously -- but we could allocate it, as part of the allocation scheme, in proportion to the individuals in Class 1 and 2.

So I think one possibility would be to not do the verdict form by class here; do it by the combination number, and just with the expectation that when it came to allocating that amount between the people in the two classes, it would be allocated based on this ratio.

MS. AGNOLUCCI: There's been evidence at this trial about differences between and among Android and iOS users, so we would like to give the jury the option to choose.

THE COURT: Okay. I'll leave it broken down, and then
I will consider your request with the objection -- Mr. Boies'

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objection, I shouldn't, if I've broken it down, add a total number. I'll think about that and decide.
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MS. AGNOLUCCI: It also could be solved by doing what Your Honor suggests and then doing the math on the back end the other way; in other words, accounting for the double-counting if they were to insert the total number of Android and total number of iOS.

THE COURT: The jury? Who would be inserting the number?

MS. AGNOLUCCI: If the jury completed this form with 59 and 54 --

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. AGNOLUCCI: -- for example, and we could -- actually, never mind. That wouldn't work.

THE COURT: Okay.

Okay. When you get the set from me, if you want -I think there's been a fairly extensive record of what you've
proposed, and now we've had the conference and you've given me
your positions, but I don't foreclose.

Once you get the final set, if you want to file a -- to preserve your objections, you want to -- because in the back and forth, sometimes it gets a little unclear if you've agreed or not agreed to things. If you want to file something, that's fine.

But I'm not going to have a further -- in other words, I'm

going to send you the thing on Monday afternoon and we're done. 1 MS. AGNOLUCCI: Understood. 2 THE COURT: And then you can use that. 3 Not to cause the left side, from where I'm sitting, panic, 4 5 but if the jury were to come back and answer not only with the award of damages, as would trigger it, and then a "yes" to the 6 7 availability of punitive damages, we would then have to go into the phase. And we have an instruction that would then tell 8 them what they needed to do. 9 But what kind of presentation would you contemplate if we 10 11 have to -- if we end up being there? MS. AGNOLUCCI: We haven't gone that far, Your Honor. 12 13 MR. DAVID BOIES: I think it would be relatively brief. 14

I would think a summary proceeding of some THE COURT: kind.

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MR. DAVID BOIES: And I think the main thing that we would do is the amount of their assets, profits, that sort of thing; and then the pattern and practice that you're excluded on the liability phase, but which is relevant to the punitive phase.

Well, if there's a punitive phase, at that THE COURT: point, because I've built in the question at the first phase, I would really -- the punitive phase would be the amount.

MR. DAVID BOIES: Just the amount.